DENNIS K. BURKE 1 United States Attorney District of Arizona FRANK T. GALATI Assistant U.S. Attorney 3 Arizona State Bar No. 003404 frank.galati@usdoj.gov 4 JAMES R. KNAPP Assistant U.S. Attorney 5 Arizona State Bar No. 021166 james.knapp2@usdoj.gov 6 Two Renaissance Square 40 N. Central Avenue, Suite 1200 7 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-4408 Telephone: (602) 514-7500 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 DISTRICT OF ARIZONA 10 United States of America, 11 CR-10-00400-PHX-DGC Plaintiff, 12 UNITED STATES' RESPONSE FOR STAY OF TRIAL v. 13 Janice Sue Taylor, 14 Defendant. 15 16 Taylor has filed a Notice of Interlocutory Appeal to the Ninth Circuit. She also filed her Demand for Stay of Trial until that interlocutory appeal has been decided [doc. 198]. The United 17 18 States respectfully files this response opposing the requested stay of proceedings. 19 On February 9, 2011, the Court heard argument on Taylor's Motion to Provide for 20 Inspection of Jury List [doc. 177]. Taylor now demands a stay of proceedings while she pursues 21 Court of Appeals' relief from this Court's order denying that motion [doc. 195]. The requested stay should be denied because Taylor is attempting to appeal an order of this Court that is not 22 23 reviewable at this time. To grant a stay while Taylor futilely pursues relief from an Order that 24 the Court of Appeals will not review does nothing more than unnecessarily delay resolution of 25 this case. As the Court told Taylor near the conclusion of the February 9th hearing, the denial of her 26 motion to inspect the jury list is not a final judgment and is, therefore, not properly appealable. 27 28 The Court of Appeals has jurisdiction to review "all final decisions of the district courts." 28

U.S. C. §1291. In criminal matters, with a few statutory exceptions that are not applicable here, "final decisions of the district courts" means imposition of sentence. *See* 18 U.S.C. §3742.

Here, Taylor is attempting to take an interlocutory appeal to the Court of Appeals. Such appeals in criminal cases are more severely limited than those in civil cases. Indeed, the statutes most heavily relied upon for the taking of interlocutory appeals in civil cases do not apply to criminal cases by their very terms. *See* 28 U.S.C. §§1292 (a), (b).

Adherence to the finality requirement in criminal cases has been a bedrock of Supreme Court jurisprudence for more than 70 years.

These considerations of [finality] policy are especially compelling in the administration of criminal justice. . . . An accused is entitled to scrupulous observance of constitutional safeguards. But encouragement of delay is fatal to the vindication of the criminal law. Bearing the discomfiture and cost of a prosecution for crime even by an innocent person is one of the painful obligations of citizenship. The correctness of a trial court's rejection even of a constitutional claim made by the accused in the process of prosecution must await his conviction before its reconsideration by an appellate tribunal.

Cobbledick v. United States, 309 U.S. 323, 325-326 (1940). Neither Taylor's Notice of Interlocutory Appeal nor her Demand for Stay cites any law which permits for review of the February 9, 2011 order at this juncture. ^{1/} Because nothing more than unwarranted delay will result from the granting of Taylor's demand, the United States respectfully asks that relief be denied.

Respectfully submitted this 16th day of February, 2011.

DENNIS K. BURKE United States Attorney District of Arizona

s/Frank T. Galati

FRANK T. GALATI JAMES R. KNAPP Assistant U.S. Attorneys

Rule 3(a)(1) provides for the taking of an "appeal permitted by law as a right from a district court to a court of appeals..."

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1	Certificate of Service
2	I hereby certify that on 2/16/2011, I mailed copies of the attached document to the following:
3	Janice Sue Taylor 3341 Arianna Ct.
4	Gilbert, AZ 85298
5	s/ Michelle L. Colberg
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